

Heart Failure Awareness Days 2023

Activities report post HFAD

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Programme and events (summary)



HFWG of Association of cardiologists of B&H is organizing HF Awareness Day during heart failure awareness week focusing on topic "Detect the undetected".

We were talking with patients about HF, giving to people information and notes about HF and talking about HF on TV, radio and social media during the whole week. We are also using social media eg. facebook, instagram etc to talk about HFA and spread heart failure awareness, because we are recognizing the importance of social media nowadays. I also wrote an illustrated book for cardiologists, general practitioners, students and notice to talk about HFA and spread practice and talking (Sršana insuficiencia) in our least language in order to enread

patients -Heart failure (Srčana insuficijencija) in our local language in order to spread information and knowledge even to patients and caregivers. Book is available from February and especially during HF Awareness Month-May.

We also succeeded to put SGLT2i, ARNI and MRA on essential list of medications for HFrEF patients.

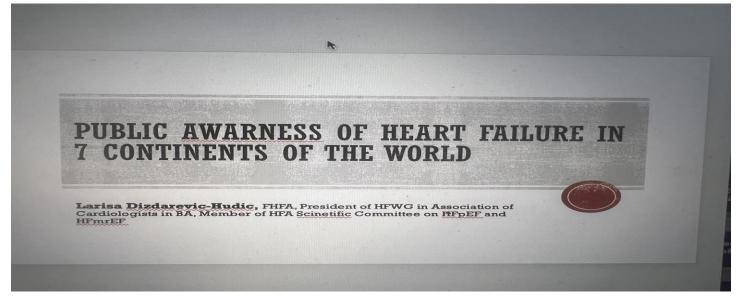
We are happy to participate in activities and to share our poster and work in Prague.



Public Event/Open clinic



Durig the week we gave lectures about HF and public awareness of HF. We also organized stands for our patients.





Press coverage: Radio and TV



We were hosted at TV shows speaking about HF.





Social media coverage:



We spread practical informations and posters via social media-facebook and instragram mostly and we shared also link of Heart failure matters website.

Also via social media we shared links of our press coverages.



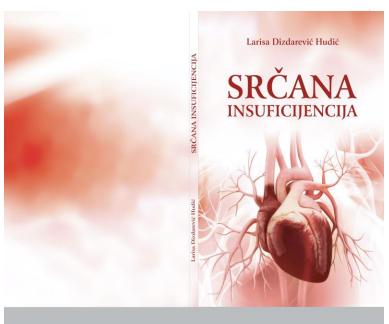
Printed material for patients

Posters

Books









Political Engagement



We succeed to have four pilar drugs at essential list for our patients with HFrEF.



Extra pictures/videos

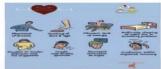






Heart failure Srčana





Srčana insuficijencija (SI) globalni je zdravstveni i socioekonomski problem

- -Visoka stopa hospitalizacija i mortaliteta, također incidenca i prevalencija.
- Uznapredovala SI ima lošu prognozu unatoč optimalnim lijekovima.

To je stanje u kojem srce ne može učinkovito pumpati krv kroz tijelo.

Srčane komore rastežu se kako bi zadržale više krvi, ali s vremenom mišić postaje preslab i ne može pumpati dovoljno krvi da bi zadovoljio potrebe tijela.

Tipovi HF: Postoje različiti tipovi HF, ali obično govorimo o SI sa smanjenom ejekcijskom frakcijom (eng. HfrEF), SI sa oblago smanjenom ejekcijskom frakcijom (HfmrEF) i SI s očuvanom ejekcijskom frakcijom (HfpEF). Ova posjela je zasnovana na temelju ejekcijske frakcije (EF) kao mjera sistoličke funkcije lijeve komore odnosno mjera funkcije pumpe.

Glavni uzroci SI: koronarna arterijska bolest, dijabetes, genetska predispozicija, srčani udar i njegove posljedice, bolest srčanih zalistaka, visoki krvni tlak, upala srčanog mišića, bolest bubrega.

Glavni životni riziko-faktori: pušenje, alkohol, prekomjerna tjelesna težina/pretilost, stres.

Najčešći simptomi su prikazani na slici koja je na engleskom, a prikazuje gušenje, dispneu, zamaranje, oticanje, suhi kašalj, pa čak i zabunjenost i promjene memorije...

Liječenje: ovisi o uzroku i težini stanja. Terapija lijekovima i uređajima može smanjiti simptome zatajenja srca, usporiti njegovu progresiju i poboljšati kvalitetu života.

Pacijenta se savjetuje i educira o adekvatnom unosu tekućine i ravnoteži te kako pratiti simptome i znakove zadržavanja tekućine ili pogoršanja bolesti. Bitno je što ranije detektirati pacijente koji mogu razviti SI ili su razvili rane simptome i djelovati preventivno odnosno pravovremeno u potonjem slučaju.



